International Application No.: PCT/SG02/000224 International Filing Date: September 30, 2002

Preliminary Amendment Accompanying

Substitute Specification

Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) An analog scanning processor-A device for generation of a dynamic focus-correction signal for use with a CRT, wherein the dynamic focus-comprising:

an analog scanning processor configured to generate a correction signal is characterised in that it is proportional to $Kx^2 + (1-K)x^4$, where x is the distance from a mid point of a viewing surface of the CRT, and K is a real number in the range 0.00 to 1.00.

- 2. (Currently Amended) An analog seanning processor as claimed in The device of claim 1 wherein the dynamic correction signal is a horizontal dynamic focus correction signal.
- 3. (Currently Amended) An analog seanning processor as claimed in The device of claim 1 wherein the dynamic correction signal is a vertical dynamic focus correction signal.
- 4. (Currently Amended) An analog seanning processor as claimed in any one of the preceding claims. The device of claim 1 wherein the processor is arranged to generate a plurality of dynamic correction signals.

International Application No.: PCT/SG02/000224 International Filing Date: September 30, 2002 Preliminary Amendment Accompanying

Substitute Specification

- 5. (Currently Amended) An analog scanning processor as claimed in any one of the preceding claims including. The device of claim 1, comprising means for generating a dynamic brightness correction signal.
- 6. (Currently Amended) An analog seanning processor as claimed in The device of claim 5 wherein the dynamic correction signal for use in a horizontal direction is different to than the dynamic correction signal for use in a vertical direction.
- 7. (Currently Amended) An analog seanning processor as claimed in any one of the preceding claims. The device of claim 1 wherein the processor includes a shape adjustment circuit arranged to receive as inputs:
 - a sawtooth waveform at the deflection frequency;
 - a shape control signal; and
 - an amplitude control signal,

wherein the shape adjustment circuit is arranged to produce a signal which—that approximates closely to the sawtooth input waveform raised to a power n, where n is a real number.

- 8. (Currently Amended) An analog scanning processor as claimed in The device of claim 7 wherein the value of n is in the range 2.00 to 4.00
- 9. (New) The device of claim 1 wherein the processor includes a first output signal (Out₁) and a second output signal (Out₂) generated in accordance with the following:

Out₁ =
$$H_{amp}$$
 x $H_{phasesize}^2$ X $[H_{shape} + (1 - H_{shape})$ x $H_{phasesize}^2]$ V_{amp} x $V_{sawtooth}^2$
Out₂ = V_{bright} x $V_{sawtooth}^2$

where:

International Application No.: PCT/SG02/000224 International Filing Date: September 30, 2002 Preliminary Amendment Accompanying

Substitute Specification

H_{sawtooth} is a sawtooth waveform at the horizontal deflection frequency (normalized and centered);

V_{sawtooth} is a sawtooth waveform at the vertical deflection frequency including vertical size and position information;

V_{bright} is an amplitude adjustment for the dynamic brightness control;

V_{amp} is the vertical amplitude control;

H_{amp} is the horizontal amplitude control;

H_{shape} is the horizontal shape control;

H_{phase} is the horizontal phase control;

H_{size} is the horizontal size control; and

 $H_{\text{phasesize}} = (H_{\text{sawtooth}} + H_{\text{phase}}) \times (1 + H_{\text{size}}).$

10. (New) A CRT monitor having an electron gun, comprising:

an analog scanning processor for generation of a dynamic correction signal for use with the CRT monitor, the dynamic focus correction signal generated to be proportional to $Kx^2 + (1-K)x^4$, where x is the distance from a mid point of a viewing surface of the CRT monitor and the electron gun, and K is a real number in the range 0.00 to 1.00.

- 11. (New) The CRT monitor of claim 10 wherein the processor includes a shape adjustment circuit having a first input coupled to the output of an automatic gain control circuit configured to generate a squared parabolic waveform signal, the shape adjustment circuit configured to process the squared parabolic waveform to produce two output signals.
- 12. (New) The CRT monitor of claim 11 wherein the dynamic correction signal is a horizontal dynamic focus correction signal.

International Application No.: PCT/SG02/000224 International Filing Date: September 30, 2002 Preliminary Amendment Accompanying

Substitute Specification

- 13. (New) The CRT monitor of claim 10 wherein the dynamic correction signal is a vertical dynamic focus correction signal.
- 14. (New) The CRT monitor of claim 10 wherein the processor is arranged to generate a plurality of dynamic correction signals.
- 15. (New) The CRT monitor of claim 10, further comprising means for generating a dynamic brightness correction signal.
- 16. (New) The CRT monitor of claim 15 wherein the dynamic correction signal for use in a horizontal direction is different than the dynamic correction signal for use in a vertical direction.
- 17. (New) The CRT monitor of claim 12 wherein the shape adjustment circuit is configured to receive as inputs a shape control signal and an amplitude control signal and to produce a signal that approximates closely to the sawtooth input waveform raised to a power N, where N is a real number.
- 18. (New) The CRT monitor of claim 17 wherein the value of N is in the range of 2.00-4.00.
- 19. (New) The CRT monitor of claim 11 wherein the shape adjustment circuit output signals comprise a first output signal (Out₁) and a second output signal (Out₂) that are generated in accordance with the following:

Out₁ =
$$H_{amp}$$
 x $H_{phasesize}^2$ X $[H_{shape} + (1 - H_{shape})$ x $H_{phasesize}^2]$ V_{amp} x $V_{sawtooth}^2$
Out₂ = V_{bright} x $V_{sawtooth}^2$

where:

International Application No.: PCT/SG02/000224 International Filing Date: September 30, 2002 Preliminary Amendment Accompanying

Substitute Specification

H_{sawtooth} is a sawtooth waveform at the horizontal deflection frequency (normalized and centered);

 V_{sawtooth} is a sawtooth waveform at the vertical deflection frequency including vertical size and position information;

V_{bright} is an amplitude adjustment for the dynamic brightness control;

V_{amp} is the vertical amplitude control;

H_{amp} is the horizontal amplitude control;

H_{shape} is the horizontal shape control;

H_{phase} is the horizontal phase control;

H_{size} is the horizontal size control; and

 $H_{\text{phasesize}} = (H_{\text{sawtooth}} + H_{\text{phase}}) \times (1 + H_{\text{size}}).$

20. (New) A method of dynamic correction in a CRT monitor having an electron gun, the method comprising:

generating an output from the electron gun; and

generating a correction signal for the output of the electron gun that is proportional to $Kx^2 + (1-K)x^4$, where x is the distance from a mid point of a viewing surface of the CRT monitor and the electron gun, and K is a real number in the range 0.00 to 1.00.

21. (New) The method of claim 20 wherein generating the correction signal comprises receiving on an input of a shape adjustment circuit an output from an automatic gain control circuit that is a squared parabolic waveform, and also receiving a shape control signal and an amplitude control signal and producing a signal that approximates closely to a sawtooth input waveform raised to a power N, where N is a real number.

International Application No.: PCT/SG02/000224 International Filing Date: September 30, 2002 Preliminary Amendment Accompanying

Substitute Specification

- 22. (New) The method of claim 21 where N is in the range of 2.00-4.00.
- 23. (New) The method of claim 21 wherein the squared parabolic waveform is split into two components and separately processed to produce a first output (Out₁) and a second output (Out₂) that is generated in accordance with the following:

Out₁ =
$$H_{amp} \times H_{phasesize}^2 \times [H_{shape} + (1 - H_{shape}) \times H_{phasesize}^2] V_{amp} \times V_{sawtooth}^2$$

Out₂ = $V_{bright} \times V_{sawtooth}^2$

where:

 H_{sawtooth} is a sawtooth waveform at the horizontal deflection frequency (normalized and centered);

 V_{sawtooth} is a sawtooth waveform at the vertical deflection frequency including vertical size and position information;

V_{bright} is an amplitude adjustment for the dynamic brightness control;

V_{amp} is the vertical amplitude control;

H_{amp} is the horizontal amplitude control;

 H_{shape} is the horizontal shape control;

H_{phase} is the horizontal phase control;

H_{size} is the horizontal size control; and

 $H_{\text{phasesize}} = (H_{\text{sawtooth}} + H_{\text{phase}}) \times (1 + H_{\text{size}}).$

- 24. (New) The method of claim 20, further comprising generating a dynamic brightness correction signal.
- 25. (New) The method of claim 24 wherein generating the correction signal comprises generating a dynamic correction signal for use in a horizontal direction

International Application No.: PCT/SG02/000224 International Filing Date: September 30, 2002

Preliminary Amendment Accompanying

Substitute Specification

and a second dynamic correction signal for use in a vertical direction that is different than the dynamic correction signal for use in a horizontal direction.